हमारा विश्वास... हर एक विद्यार्थी है ख़ास

JEE ADVANCED September 2020

ANSWER KEY

PHYSICS _ PAPER - 2

MOTION[™] IIT/NIT | NEET | NTSE/IJSO/OLYMPIADS

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SECTION 1 (Maximum Marks : 18)

- Section contains **SIX (06)** questions.
- The answer to each question is a **SINGLE DIGIT INTEGER** ranging from 0 to 9. **BOTH INCLUSIVE**.
- For each question, enter the correct integer corresponding to the answer using the mouse and the on-screen virtual numeric keypad in the place designated to enter the answer.
- Answer to each question will be evaluated <u>according to the following marking scheme</u>:

Full Marks	: +3	If ONLY the correct integer is entered;
Zero Marks	: 0	If the question is unanswered;
Negative Marks	: -1	In all other cases.

1. A large square container with thin transparent vertical walls and filled with water (refractive index

 $\frac{4}{3}$) is kept on a horizontal table. A student holds a thin straight wire vertically inside the water 12 cm from one of its corners, as shown schematically in the figure. Looking at the wire from this corner, another student sees two images of the wire, located symmetrically on each side of the line of sight as shown. The separation (in cm) between these images is



Ans. (Official Answer Bonus : Marks to all) Probable Answer : 3 or 4 or 5

2. A train with cross-sectional area S_t is moving with speed v_t inside a long tunnel of cross-sectional area S_0 ($S_0 = 4S_t$). Assume that almost all the air (density ρ) in front of the train flows back between its sides and the walls of the tunnel. Also, the air flow with respect to the train is steady and laminar. Take the ambient pressure and that inside the train to be ρ_0 . If the pressure in the

region between the sides of the train and the tunnel walls is p, then $p_0 - p = \frac{7}{2N}\rho V_t^2$. The value of N

is _____

Ans. 9



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3. Two large circular discs separated by a distance of 0.01 m are connected to a battery via a switch as shown in the figure. Charged oil drops of density 900 kg m⁻³ are released through a tiny hole at the center of the top disc. Once some oil drops achieve terminal velocity, the switch is closed to apply a voltage of 200 V across the discs. As a result, an oil drop of radius 8×10^{-7} m stops moving vertically and floats between the discs. The number of electrons present in this oil drop is ______. (neglect the buoyancy force, take acceleration due to gravity =10 ms⁻² and charge on an electron (e) = 1.6×10^{-19} C)



Ans. 6

4. A hot air balloon is carrying some passengers, and a few sandbags of mass 1 kg each so that its total mass is 480 kg. Its effective volume giving the balloon its buoyancy is V. The balloon is floating at an equilibrium height of 100 m. When N number of sandbags are thrown out, the balloon rises to a new equilibrium height close to 150 m with its volume V remaining unchanged. If the

variation of the density of air with height h from the ground is $\rho(h) = \rho_0 e^{-\frac{h}{h_0}}$, where $\rho_0 = 1.25$ kg m⁻³ and $h_0 = 6000$ m, the value of N is _____.

- Ans. 4
- **5.** A point charge q of mass m is suspended vertically by a string of length ℓ . A point dipole of dipole moment \vec{p} is now brought towards q from infinity so that the charge moves away. The final equilibrium position of the system including the direction of the dipole, the angles and distances is shown in the figure below. If the work done in bringing the dipole to this position is N ×(mgh), where g is the acceleration due to gravity, then the value of N is ______. (Note that for three coplanar forces keeping a point mass in equilibrium, $\frac{F}{\sin \theta}$ is the same for all forces, where F is any

one of the forces and $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ is the angle between the other two forces)





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Ans. 2

6. A thermally isolated cylindrical closed vessel of height 8 m is kept vertically. It is divided into two equal parts by a diathermic (perfect thermal conductor) frictionless partition of mass 8.3 kg. Thus the partition is held initially at a distance of 4 m from the top, as shown in the schematic figure below. Each of the two parts of the vessel contains 0.1 mole of an ideal gas at temperature 300 K. The partition is now released and moves without any gas leaking from one part of the vessel to the other. When equilibrium is reached, the distance of the partition from the top (in m) will be ______ (take the acceleration due to gravity =10 ms⁻² and the universal gas constant =8.3 J mol⁻¹K⁻¹).



Ans. Official answer : Bonus (Marks to all)



SECTION 2 (Maximum Marks : 24)

• Section contains **SIX (06)** questions.

• Each question has **FOUR** options. **ONE OR MORE THAN ONE** of these four option(s) is (are) correct answer(s).

- For each question, choose the option(s) corresponding to (all) the correct answer(s).
- Answer the each question will be evaluated <u>according to the following marking scheme:</u>

	•	
Full Marks	: +4	If only (all the correct option(s) is (are) chosen;
Partial Marks	: +3	If all the four options are correct but ONLY three options are chosen;
Partial Marks	: +2	If three or more options are correct but ONLY two options are chosen, both of which are correct;
Partial Marks	:+1	If two or more options are correct but ONLY one option is chosen and it is a correct option;
Zero Marks Negative Marks	: 0 :-2	If none of the options is chosen (i.e. the question is unanswered); In all other cases.

7. A beaker of radius r is filled with water (refractive index $\frac{4}{3}$) up to a height H as shown in the figure

on the left. The beaker is kept on a horizontal table rotating with angular speed ω . This makes the water surface curved so that the difference in the height of water level at the center and at the circumference of the beaker is h (h \Box H,h \Box r), as shown in the figure on the right. Take this surface to be approximately spherical with a radius of curvature R. Which of the following is/are correct? (g is the acceleration due to gravity)





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(A)
$$R = \frac{h^2 + r^2}{2h}$$

(B) R =
$$\frac{3r^2}{2h}$$

(C) Apparent depth of the bottom of the beaker is close to $\frac{3H}{2} \left(1 + \frac{\omega^2 H}{2g}\right)^{-1}$

(D) Apparent depth of the bottom of the beaker is close to $\frac{3H}{4} \left(1 + \frac{\omega^2 H}{4g}\right)^{-1}$

Ans. A,D

8. A student skates up a ramp that makes an angle 30° with the horizontal. He/she starts (as shown in the figure) at the bottom of the ramp with speed v_0 and wants to turn around over a semicircular path xyz of radius R during which he/she reaches a maximum height h (at point y) from the ground as shown in the figure. Assume that the energy loss is negligible and the force required for this turn at the highest point is provided by his/her weight only. Then (g is the acceleration due to gravity)



(A)
$$v_0^2 - 2gh = \frac{1}{2}gR$$

(B)
$$v_0^2 - 2gh = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}gR$$

- (C) the centripetal force required at points x and z is zero
- (D) the centripetal force required is maximum at points x and z

Ans. A,D



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9. A rod of mass m and length L, pivoted at one of its ends, is hanging vertically. A bullet of the same mass moving at speed v strikes the rod horizontally at a distance x from its pivoted end and gets embedded in it. The combined system now rotates with angular speed ω about the pivot. The maximum angular speed ω_{M} is achieved for $x = x_{M}$. Then



(A)
$$\omega = \frac{3vx}{L^2 + 3x^2}$$
 (B) $\omega = \frac{12vx}{L^2 + 12x^2}$ (C) $x_M = \frac{L}{\sqrt{3}}$ (D) $\omega_M = \frac{v}{2L}\sqrt{3}$

Ans. A,C,D

10. In an X-ray tube, electrons emitted from a filament (cathode) carrying current I hit a target (anode) at a distance d from the cathode. The target is kept at a potential V higher than the cathode resulting in emission of continuous and characteristic X-rays. If the filament current I is

decreased to $\frac{I}{2}$, the potential difference V is increased to 2V, and the separation distance d is

reduced to $\frac{d}{2}$, then

(A) the cut-off wavelength will reduce to half, and the wavelengths of the characteristic X-rays will remain the same

(B) the cut-off wavelength as well as the wavelengths of the characteristic X-rays will remain the same

(C) the cut-off wavelength will reduce to half, and the intensities of all the X-rays will decrease (D) the cut-off wavelength will become two times larger, and the intensity of all the X-rays will decrease

Ans. A,C



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- **11.** Two identical non-conducting solid spheres of same mass and charge are suspended in air from a common point by two non-conducting, massless strings of same length. At equilibrium, the angle between the strings is α . The spheres are now immersed in a dielectric liquid of density 800 kg m⁻³ and dielectric constant 21. If the angle between the strings remains the same after the immersion, then
 - (A) electric force between the spheres remains unchanged
 - (B) electric force between the spheres reduces
 - (C) mass density of the spheres is 840 kg $m^{\scriptscriptstyle -3}$
 - (D) the tension in the strings holding the spheres remains unchanged

Ans. (Official Answer) B,C

12. Starting at time t = 0 from the origin with speed 1 ms⁻¹, a particle follows a two-dimensional

trajectory in the x-y plane so that its coordinates are related by the equation $y = \frac{x^2}{2}$. The x and y

components of its acceleration are denoted by a_x and a_y , respectively. Then

(A) $a_x = 1 \text{ ms}^{-2}$ implies that when the particle is at the origin, $a_y = 1 \text{ ms}^{-2}$

(B) $a_x = 0$ implies $a_y = 1 \text{ ms}^{-2}$ at all times

(C) at t = 0, the particle's velocity points in the x-direction

(D) $a_x = 0$ implies that at t = 1 s, the angle between the particle's velocity and the x axis is 45° **A B C D** or **B C D**

Ans. A,B,C,D or B,C,D

SECTION 3 (Maximum Marks : 24)

- This section contains **SIX (06)** questions. The answer to each question is a **NUMERICAL VALUE**.
- For each question, enter the correct numerical value of the answer using the mouse and the onscreen virtual numeric keypad in the place designated to enter the answer. If the numerical value has more than two decimal places, **truncate/round-off** the value to **TWO** decimal places.
- Answer the each question will be evaluated <u>according to the following marking scheme:</u> Full Marks : +4 If ONLY the correct numerical value is entered; Zero Marks : 0 In all other cases.
- **13.** A spherical bubble inside water has radius R. Take the pressure inside the bubble and the water pressure to be p_0 . The bubble now gets compressed radially in an adiabatic manner so that its radius becomes (R a). For a << R the magnitude of the work done in the process is given by

 $(4\pi p_0 Ra^2)X$, where X is a constant and $\gamma = C_p/C_v = \frac{41}{30}$. The value of X is_____.

Ans. 2.05



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14. In the balanced condition, the values of the resistances of the four arms of a Wheatstone bridge are shown in the figure below. The resistance R_3 has temperature coefficient 0.0004 °C⁻¹.1. If the temperature of R_3 is increased by 100 °C, the voltage developed between S and T will be ______ volt.



Ans. 0.27

- **15.** Two capacitors with capacitance values $C_1 = 2000 \pm 10 \text{ pF}$ and $C_2 = 3000 \pm 15 \text{ pF}$ are connected in series. The voltage applied across this combination is $V = 5.00 \pm 0.02 \text{ V}$. The percentage error in the calculation of the energy stored in this combination of capacitors is _____.
- Ans. 1.30
- **16.** A cubical solid aluminium (bulk modulus = $-V \frac{dp}{dv} = 70$ GPa) block has an edge length of 1 m on the

surface of the earth. It is kept on the floor of a 5 km deep ocean. Taking the average density of water and the acceleration due to gravity to be 10^3 kg m⁻³ and 10 ms⁻², respectively, the change in the edge length of the block in mm is _____.

Ans. 0.23 to 0.24



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17. The inductors of two LR circuits are placed next to each other, as shown in the figure. The values of the self-inductance of the inductors, resistances, mutual-inductance and applied voltages are specified in the given circuit. After both the switches are closed simultaneously, the total work done by the batteries against the induced EMF in the inductors by the time the currents reach their steady state values is ______ mJ.



Ans. 55

- 18. A container with 1 kg of water in it is kept in sunlight, which causes the water to get warmer than the surroundings. The average energy per unit time per unit area received due to the sunlight is 700 Wm⁻² and it is absorbed by the water over an effective area of 0.05 m². Assuming that the heat loss from the water to the surroundings is governed by Newton's law of cooling, the difference (in °C) in the temperature of water and the surroundings after a long time will be ______. (Ignore effect of the container, and take constant for Newton's law of cooling = 0.001 s⁻¹, Heat capacity of water = 4200 J kg⁻¹ K⁻¹).
- Ans. 8.33

